4th Leg, Pinang PIRC DEFENCE R. KHAN (India) (India) 3. Bd3

Typical Asian, out of the books! After 3.Nc3 g6 we would have the extensively analysed basic position of the Pirc defence.

Now this is possible since White's bishop blocks the dfile, and therefore, also, an unfavourable exchange Queens.

4. c3 5. Ne2 0-0 6. 0-0 **c**5 7. d5 Nh5?

But this move is premature and should be preceded by 7. . Nbd7. If then White continued 8.f4 Aaron could play 8.... exf4 9.B×f4 Nh5! with

a forthcoming blockade on e5 with his knight. As things stand Khan's kingside threats do not now allow the necessary tempi for this manoeuvre.

N×f4

8. f4 9. N×f4 10. B×f4

eX14 Bg5 Very thematic - if Black

doesn't get eaten alive. h6!

11. Qh5 12. Nd2 13. R×f4

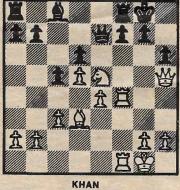
B×f4 Nd7

Heading for e5 but White gets there first.

14. Nc4 15. Raf1 16. N×e5

Ne5!?

AARON



d×e5

Before playing 15. ... Ne5 Aaron had realised he would be forced to recapture this way, since 16. ... QXe5 allows an elementary but nevertheless nice Queen sacrifice with $17.R \times f7$ Q×h5 $18.R \times f8$ ch Kh7 19.e5 dis. ch . Bf5 20.R8×f5 with a decisive discovered check to follow.

17. R412 Bd7 18. Bc4! Rad8 Q×d6 20. B×f7 ch Kh8

20. ... Kh7 loses a delightful exchange to 21. Qg6ch! Q×g6 22. B×g6ch Kg8 23.Bh7ch!

Black's kingside has been seriously weakened, and all that remains for Khan to do is find the correct method of attack. He can try 21.Rf6! but Black has the resource 21. .. Qd2, defending h6, and if further 22.Q×e5 g×f6 23.R×f6 Black has an even g×f6 more miraculous saving move in 23. ... Kh7! whereupon

White has nothing better than perpetual check with 24.Bg6 ch Kg8 25.Bf7 ch etc.

But the game continuation of 21.Rdl is also not winning. White must throw more fuel into the fire with the powerful 21.g4! — for example 21. ... Qe7 22.Rf6! and wins.

21. Rd1?! Qe7 22. Rd5 Bb51 23. R×d8

23.R×e5 gets crunched by .Q×e5 24.Q×e5 Rd1 ch 25.Rfl R×fl checkmate.

Q×d8 24. h4 Qe7

Anticipating Khan's next 25. g4 ... which meets ... 25. . . . Be2l

26. Bd5 RX12 27. K×12 Bb5

... halting the pawns tem-

Exchanges have eased Aaron's defensive tasks, but White has a continuing initiative.

28. Ke3 29. Q15

porarily.

Aaron proposed a Here

Bd7

draw, overlooking the fact that White's Queen is not forced to go back to h5.

30. Qf3

But not 30. 31.Qf8 ch Kh7 32.Bg8 ch Kg6 33. Qf7 ch Kg5 34. Qe7 ch and wins the bishop with check. Kh7

Black is doing wonderfully - this time he sidesteps 31. $\dots h \times g5$ 32. Qh5 mate.

32. Bf7

Otherwise 33.g6 ch is too strong. Aaron saw the coming bishop ending but reasoned

that he could hold it by keeping White's king from penetrating to the Queenside.

33. Qf6 QX18 34. g×f6 35. Kf3

Or 35.Kd3 Bfl ch keeps the king out, but anyway if he wanders too far over there a timely g5 on Black's part could be embarrassing.

36. Kg3 Be2 And a draw was agreed.

MURRAY CHANDLER

Chess

Indian pirc trick

WITH THE THIRD leg of the circuit over we hit the road again, this time for the island of Pinang in Malaysia. I had already been there, having been a member of the 1974 New Zealand squad at the first Asian Teams' Tournament; but for fellow New Zealander Craig Laird the trishaws, beautiful beaches and almost festive atmosphere of the small capital, Georgetown, were novel sights. For this, the fourth leg of

the 1st Asian Grandmasters Chess Circuit, two new arrivals flew in — Indians Manuel Aaron and Rafiq Khan. At 42 and an international master, Aaron is no stranger to international competition, but for Khan, who won the 1977 Championship of India, this was his first trip abroad. However, he started well, chalking up a fine victory against grandmaster Count Alberic O'Kelly de Galway in the first few rounds.